Surname			Centre Number	Candidate Number
First name(s)				0
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TUESDAY, 14 JUNE 2022 - MORNING

## **GEOGRAPHY A – Component 3** Applied Fieldwork Enquiry

1 hour 15 minutes

For Examiner's use only						
	Maximum Mark	Awarded Mark				
Part A	12					
Part B	12					
Part C	36					
SPaG	4					
Total Marks	64					

### ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

Resource folder. You may also require a calculator and a ruler.

### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use gel pen or correction fluid.

You may use a pencil for graphs and diagrams only.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer **all** questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet. Additional space is provided for some questions within the booklet (if required). If further space is required for any question, use the additional pages at the back of the booklet, taking care to number the question(s) correctly.

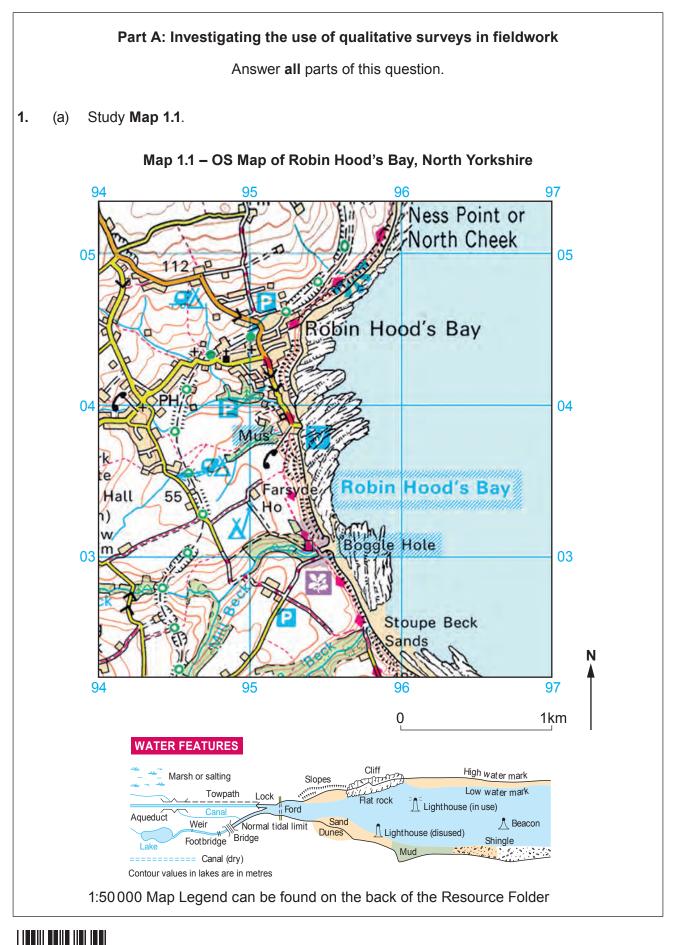
### INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

You are reminded that assessment will take into account your ability to spell, punctuate and use grammar and specialist terms accurately in your answer to Part C, Question 3(f).









02

Examiner only

> C111U301 03

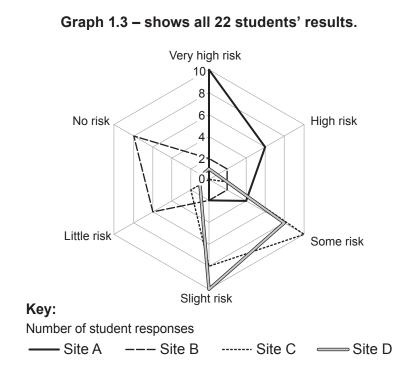
S	tudents carried ampling techniq	ue to se	lect spe	cific location	s to colle	ct data	along th	
	(i) Give <b>one</b> a area showr			ig a samplin	y technic			awork sites in the
S	itudents used a ites. <b>Diagram 1</b> <b>Diagram 1.2 –</b> I	.2 below	shows	part of their	recording	g sheet.		
	Increases			Risk le	vel			Decreases
	erosion	Very high	High	Moderate	Some	Little	None	erosion
Rock Structure	Evidence of rock weakness, lots of cracks/joints							No evidence of rock weakness and no obvious cracks/joints
Coastal Protection	1							
(	ii) Select the	correct p	air of st	atements to	complete	e Diagra	am 1.2. <sup>-</sup>	Fick (✔) <b>one</b> box. [
	reases erosion	risk		Decrea	ases ero	sion ris	sk	Tick (√) one box
Inc				Sea defences broken or non-existent.				
	es present.		S	ea defences	broken c	or non-e	xistent.	
sea defenc	es present. es broken or no	n-existe		ea defences ea defences		or non-e	xistent.	



Examiner only

[3]

(b) Twenty-two students used the bipolar survey to record their own views on how rock structure affects risk of coastal erosion at the 4 fieldwork sites.



### (i) Study **Graph 1.3**. Circle the correct site letters in the table below.

Risk of erosion due to rock structure	Circle	e the co	orrect s	site(s)
Which site has a very high risk? Circle <b>one</b> site.	Α	В	С	D
Which site did 8 students think had no risk? Circle <b>one</b> site.	A	В	С	D
Which <b>two</b> sites have similar levels of risk? Circle <b>two</b> sites.	Α	в	С	D





PMT

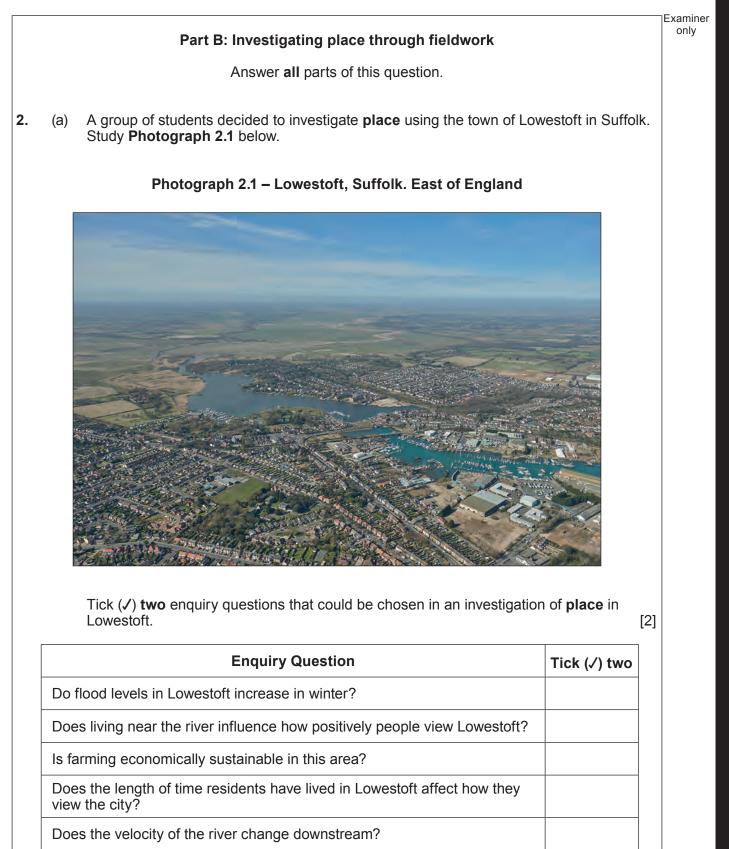
C111U301 05

	∃Examine
(c) Field sketches were used by the students as part of their fieldwork.	only
Diagram 1.4 – shows an example of one of these field sketches.	
Concrete sea wall ring back one strength and one weakness of this field sketch as a method of showing coastal erosion issues. [4]	



C111U301 07

Additional space for question <b>1</b> (c) only:	Examiner only
END OF PART A	
	C111U301



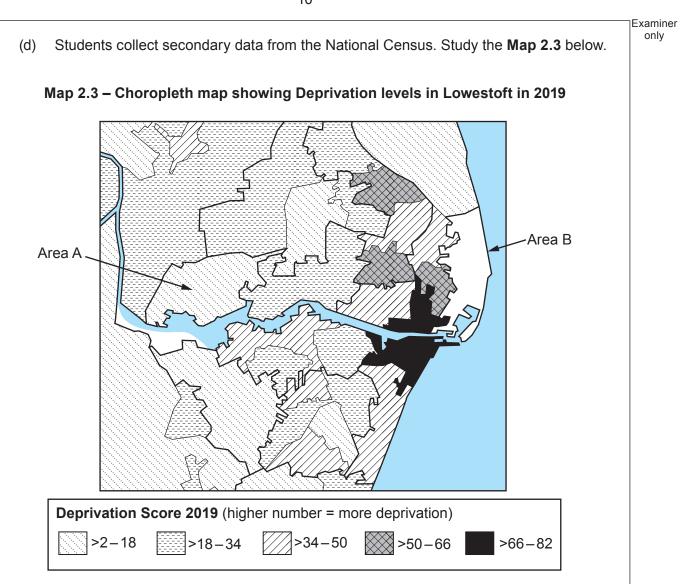


9 Examiner A student has written a description of the location of Lowestoft, which contains two (b) only mistakes. Study Text box 2.2, which shows part of their description, and the maps on pages 2 and 3 of the Resource Folder. Text box 2.2 – Location of Lowestoft Lowestoft is a coastal town in Western England. It is north east of London, in the county of Suffolk. Lowestoft is located around Lake Lothing (Grid Reference 5692) and Oulton Broad (Grid Reference 5192). Identify and correct the two mistakes in the student's description of the location of Lowestoft. Complete the table below. [4] Mistake 1 Correction 1 Correction 2 Mistake 2 The students designed a fieldwork recording sheet to compare the environment of East Lowestoft and West Lowestoft. (C) Study the recording sheet on page 4 of the Resource Folder. Explain one strength and one weakness of this data recording sheet. [4] Strength Weakness



PMT

C111U301 09



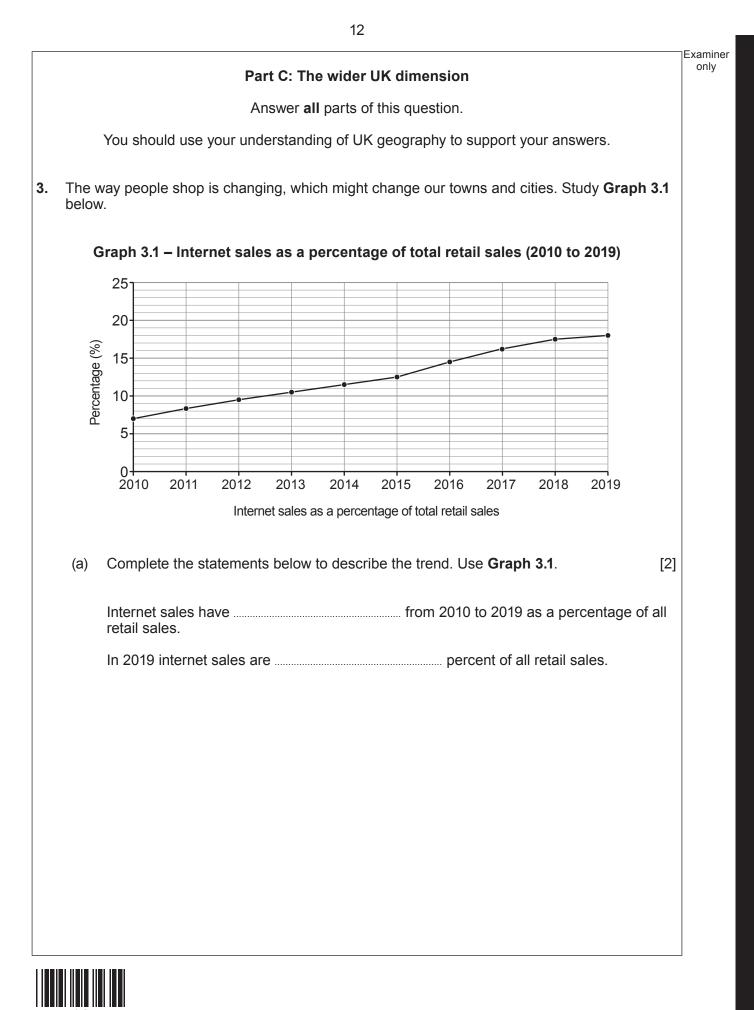
(i) In 2019 Area B had a deprivation score of 72. Complete Map 2.3 for Area B. [1]



(ii) Tick (✓) <b>one</b> correct conclusion that can be drawn from <b>Map 2.3</b> .		amin only
	Tick (√) one	
Area A is a more deprived area than Area B, so that people are likely to have less income, employment and education.		
Area B is a more deprived area than Area A, so people are likely to suffer more crime, barriers to housing and health challenges.		
Area A is the most deprived area in Lowestoft, so people are likely to have less income and suffer more crime than the rest of Lowestoft.		
END OF PART B		







13

(i)	Explain why retail provision is changing in the UK. [6
••••••	
••••••	
••••••	
••••••	
(ii)	Online (internet) shopping can have social and economic impacts. Explain why. [6
(ii)	Online (internet) shopping can have social and economic impacts. Explain why. [6
(ii) 	Online (internet) shopping can have social and economic impacts. Explain why. [6
	Online (internet) shopping can have social and economic impacts. Explain why. [6
······	
······	
······	
······	



(c) Croi <b>Res</b>	mpton Place is Bolton's central retail area. Study the information on <b>page 5</b> of the ource Folder.	
(i)	Calculate the percentage of vacant retail premises in Crompton Place's ground floor. Show your working.	[3]
Percer	ntage of vacant retail premises in Crompton Place's ground floor	%
(ii)	The number of vacant retail premises in the UK is 9% of all available retail premises.	
	Compare the percentage of vacant retail premises in Crompton Place's ground floor to the rest of the UK.	[1]
••••••		

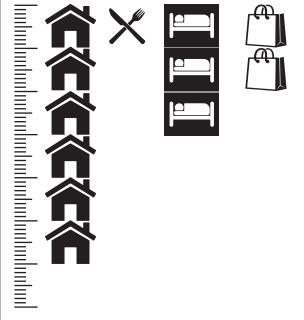


Examiner only

[2]

- (d) Crompton Place is undergoing proposed changes. Study **Diagram 3.2** and **Table 3.3** below.
  - (i) Give **two** ways that **Diagram 3.2** could be improved to represent the data in **Table 3.3** more clearly.

#### Diagram 3.2 – Proposed new additions to Crompton Place's retail area



#### Table 3.3

Homes	150
Food units	25
Hotel beds	75
Retail units	50

	Way 1			
	inay i			
•••••		 	 	
••••••		 	 	
	Way 2			
<b>.</b>		 	 	



Examiner only

Study Table 3.4	
-----------------	--

#### Table 3.4 – Use of floor space

Leisure space (m <sup>2</sup> )	12000
Office space (m <sup>2</sup> )	10000
Events space (m <sup>2</sup> )	15000

(ii) Select **one** correct numerical method to compare the amount of office space with events space shown in **Table 3.4**. [1]

	Tick (√) one box
Inter-quartile range	
Ratio	
Mean	

- (iii) Suggest why a pie chart would be a suitable graph to show the data for Leisure, Office and Events space in **Table 3.4**. [1]
- .....
- (e) Study **Table 3.5** below.

Table 3.5 – Average amount spent when shopping is combined with other activities

Activity	Average spend (£)
Entertainment	87.50
Banking	75.16
Refreshments	74.63
Visiting parks	34.48
Average	67.94

Suggest why a bar chart is a suitable way to represent this data.							[2]



.....

.....

		Examine
(f)	Retail provision is changing in the UK and this is changing our towns and high streets. Study the picture on <b>page 6</b> of the <b>Resource Folder</b> .	only
	"Changing shopping habits have brought positive new developments to UK towns and high streets."	
	To what extent do you agree with the statement?	
	Use information in the exam paper, <b>Resource Folder</b> and your wider understanding of the UK to support your answer. [12]	
	Your ability to spell, punctuate and use grammar and specialist terms accurately will be assessed in your answer to this question. [4]	
•••••		
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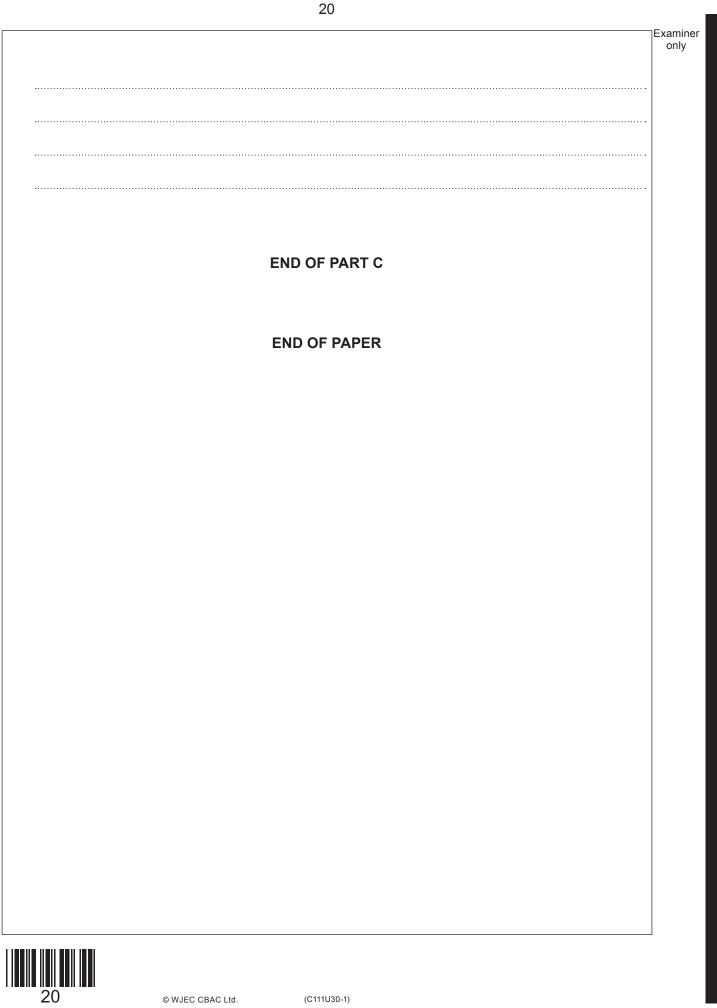


18	
	Examine only



19	
	E
Additional space for question <b>3</b> (f) only:	
	••••••





Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question number(s) in the left-hand margin.	Examiner only



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TUESDAY, 14 JUNE 2022 – MORNING

**GEOGRAPHY A – Component 3** 

**RESOURCE FOLDER** 

This folder is for use with questions in **Component 3**. This folder need not be handed in with your answer booklet.

Maps to show the location of Lowestoft, Suffolk, East England.



Map 1: National location



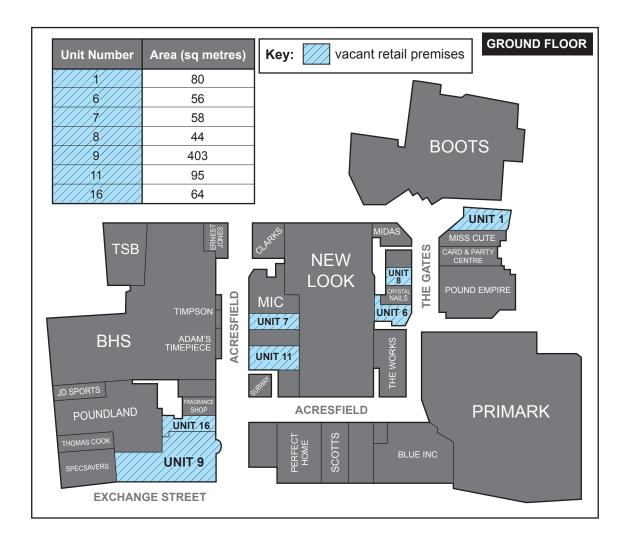
## Map 3: Ordnance Survey map



4

### Completed recording sheet to compare East and West Lowestoft

												X	svo	
Location: West Waveney:	Date & Time: 18	3 <sup>th</sup> (	oct :	202	20							Tret to	9	
Type & quality of houses:	Crime opportunitie	s:							Grat	ffiti Survey		Photo	Photo	Location: Photo from 10 m
	1. Burglar alarms		1						Feature		Score	Total Score	Total Score	Total Score
Houses are large & well-kept. Big gardens. Detached houses. Som								5	Maximum size of words or pictures	0-20 cm 21-40 cm Over 41 cm	1 2 3	2		
Big gardens. Detached houses. Sm Servei Damage 19 house 2. Paint peeling Nove.	4. Neighbourhood	Wa	atch	1				(	Content	Funny or positive, artistic & decorative	1			
3. Broken windows	5. Quiet street									Likely to be offensive	2	2		
4. Cracks										Obscene	5	1		
5. Vegetation growing								`	Visibility	Visible from 1–5 m away & only from one place.	1			
in concrete	Environment Quality	5	4	S 3	core	e 1	None			Visible from 6–10 m away & from multiple places	2			
	Amount of Litter									& angles.	_	5		
	Green space					. V				Visible from 11 m and further. Highly visible from	5			
	Graffiti				V					lots of places				
	Footpaths			$\checkmark$		~		1	Method	Colours that blend in with the environment.	1			
	Lighting Traffic noise and c	ars.			V					Bright or bold colours, paint or aerosol.	3	3		
										Total	Score	12		



## Ground floor plan for Crompton Place: a shopping centre in Bolton, Lancashire

#### **Data for Crompton Place**

• The ground floor area covers a total area of 6300 square metres.

6



## Artist's impression of the changing UK high street

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7

#### 8

LAND FEATURES

ABBREVIATIONS

Bridge

Cemetry

College

House

Milepost

Hospl Hospital

Picnic site

:::

Youth hostel

Golf course or links

Garden / arboretum

Cattle grid

Clubhouse

Br

Cemy

CG

СН

Coll

Fm Farm

Ho

MP

Landranger series (1:50 000 scale) LANDRANGER MAP SYMBOLS



See website for full list

ROADS AND I	PATHS	Not necessarily rights of way
Service area	M1 Elevated	Motorway (dual carriageway)
	1 Junction number	
Unfenced	Dual carriageway	Primary Route
A 470	Footbridge	Main road
A 493		
		Road under construction
B 4518	_	Secondary road
A 855	B 885	Narrow road with passing places
B	ridge	Road generally more than 4m wide
		Road generally less than 4m wide
		Other road, drive or track
		Path
<b>&gt;&gt;</b>	$\longrightarrow$	Gradient: steeper than 20% (1 in 5)/ 14% to 20% (1 in 7 to 1 in 5)
		Gates / Road tunnel
Ferry P	Ferry V	Ferry (passenger) / Ferry (vehicle)

	Cutting, embankment	+	Graticule intersection at 5' intervals
<u>x x x</u>	Electricity transmission line (pylons shown at standard spacing)		Landfill site or slag/spoil heap
>>> _/pruin	Pipe line (arrow indicates direction of flow)	* * *	Coniferous wood
	Buildings	<u> </u>	Non-coniferous wood
	Important building (selected)	* *0	Mixed wood
-	Bus or coach station		Orchard
\$	Glass structure	$\square$	Orchard
Θ	Heliport		Park or ornamental ground
# #	Current or former place of worship; with tower with spire, minaret or dome		Access land (symbols indicate owner or agency - see below)
+	Place of worship	<i>Ç</i> <b>‡</b>	Forestry Commission
Δ	Triangulation pillar	$\otimes$	Natural Resources Wales
Σ	Mast	32 32	National Trust; always open,
ľ	Wind pump	* *	limited access - observe local signs
Ϋ́λ	Wind turbine		National Trust for Scotland;
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Windmill with or without sails	<u>8</u>	always open, limited access - observe local signs

MS

Mus

Ρ

РС

PH

Sta

Sch

ΤН Univ

ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND HISTORICAL INFORMATION

Milestone

Museum

Station

School

University

Post office

Public house

Public convenience (in rural areas)

Town Hall, Guildhall or equivalent

#### RAILWAYS

 Track multiple or single	a	Station, (a) principal
 Track under construction		Siding
Light rail system, narrow gauge or tramway Bridges, footbridge		Light rail system station Level crossing
 Tunnel, cutting		Viaduct, embankment

PUBLIC RIGHTS OF WAY	Not shown on maps of Scotland
Footpath     Bridleway     Restricted byway (not for use by     mechanically propelled vehicles)     byway open to all traffic     The representation on this map of any other road,     track or path is no evedence of the existence of a     right of way.	Public rights of way shown on this map have been taken from local authority definitive maps and later amendments. The symbols show the defined route so far as the scale of the mapping will allow. Rights of way are liable to change and may not be clearly defined on the ground. Please check with the relevant local authority for the latest information. Rights of way are not shown on maps
OTHER PUBLIC ACCESS	in Scotland.
<ul> <li>National Trail, Scotland's Great Tra</li> </ul>	ils, • • • • Other route with public access

• •	European Long Distance Path and selected Recreational Routes	s, ••••	(not normally shown in urban areas)	
• • •	On-road cycle route		The exact nature of the rights on these routes and the existence of	
0 0 0	Traffic-free cycle route		any restrictions may be checked	
4 8	Cycle Network number; National / Regional		with the local highway authority. Alignments are based on the best information available. These routes	
Danger Area	Firing and Test Ranges in the area. Danger! Observe warning notices.		are not shown on maps of Scotland	
BOUNDARI	ES			
+ - +	– National – · – · – · –	County, Unita	ary Authority, Metropolitan District	

<b>→ — → —</b> → National	<u> </u>	or London Borough	ority, Metropolitan District
District		National Park	
WATER FEATURES			
Marsh or salting	0	Cliff	High water mark



+ Site of antiquity viLLA Roman ≫ 1066 Site of battle ★ ···· Visible earthwork €astle Non-Roman (with date)
HEIGHTS ROCK FEATURES
50 Contours are at 10 Cliff -650 metres vertical interval
Heights are to the nearest metre above mean sea level
Where two heights are shown, the first is the height of the natural ground in the location of the triangulation pillar, and the second (in brackets) to a separate point which is the natural summit.
TOURIST INFORMATION
Viewpoint 180° 👗 💭 Camp site / Caravan site
Viewpoint 360° 🥂 Camping and caravan site
Visitor centre Selected places of tourist interest

Walks / trails	ii	Information centre, all year / seasonal
Nature reserve	P	Parking

P&R P&R Park & Ride, all year / seasonal

666 Phone, public / emergency / roadside assistance

- Recreation / leisure / sports centre (
- $\Diamond$ World Heritage site or area